Classification of CKD

**eGFR Categories:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>eGFR (mL/min/1.73 m²)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>G1</td>
<td>&gt;90</td>
<td>Normal or high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G2</td>
<td>60-89</td>
<td>Mildly decreased</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G3a</td>
<td>45-59</td>
<td>Mildly to moderately decreased (CKD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G3b</td>
<td>30-44</td>
<td>Moderately to severely decreased (CKD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G4</td>
<td>15-29</td>
<td>Severely decreased (CKD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G5</td>
<td>&lt;15</td>
<td>Kidney failure (CKD)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Albuminuria (ACR) Categories:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>ACR (mg/mmol)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A1</td>
<td>&lt;3 mg/mmol</td>
<td>Normal to mildly increased</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2</td>
<td>3-30 mg/mmol</td>
<td>Moderately increased (CKD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A3</td>
<td>&gt;30 mg/mmol</td>
<td>Severely increased (CKD)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>